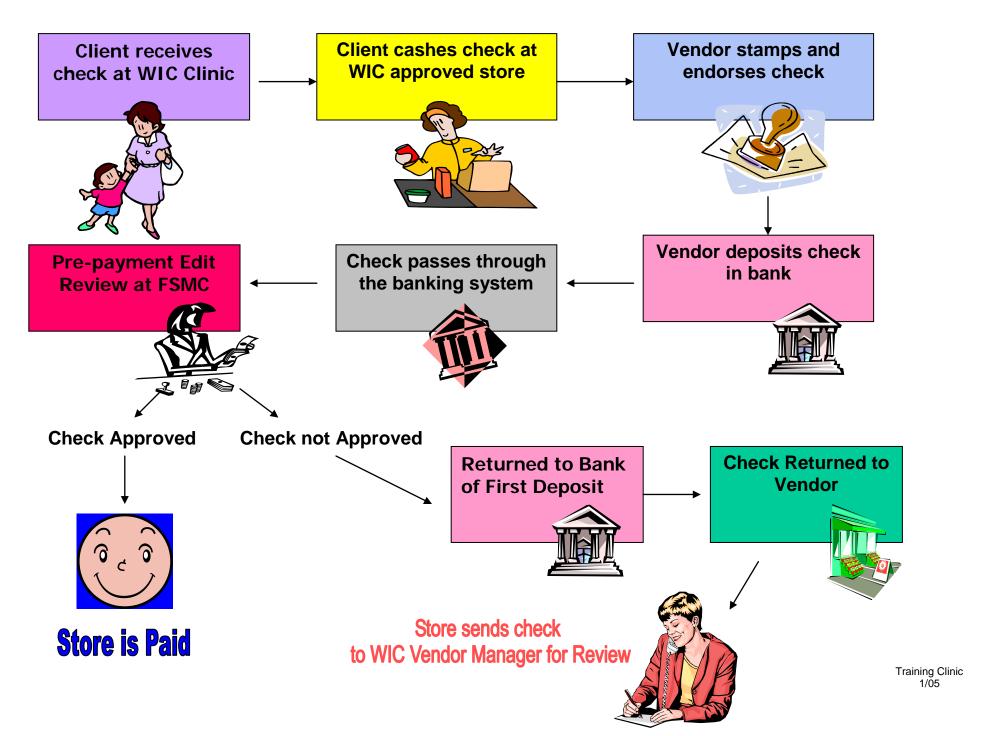
Check Printing Resources & Job Aides

Travels of a Nebraska WIC Check

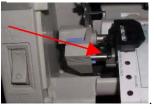


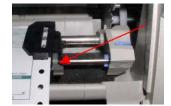
Check Printer Instructions

Loading Checks: When loading the checks in the printer make sure the tractor *pins go all the way through the holes* in the checks. Also make sure the checks are straight and untwisted from the stack to the printer.



Adjusting Checks Left and Right: Sometimes you might need to move the checks left or right. Unload the checks. Use the small grey levers on either side to release the tractors to slide them left and right. Be sure to lock the grey levers down after each adjustment.



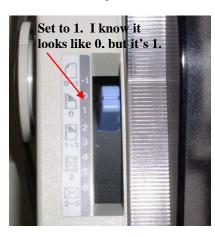


Left and Right Lock Levers

Paper thickness: Now that the checks are loaded, lets check the paper thickness lever and paper path lever to make sure they are in the correct locations. The paper thickness lever is *blue* and on the *left side* of the printer. To print the fastest make sure it is on the number 1. You can try moving it from 0, 1, and 2 and you will hear the difference in position 1. It is faster and higher pitched.

Paper Path lever: The Paper Path lever is *ivory* and is on the *right side* of the printer. It has four positions. The correct position is one click forward from all the way back. This selects front tractor feed checks. If this lever gets bumped it might be a good idea to make sure it is in this position before turning on the printer.

Paper thickness lever

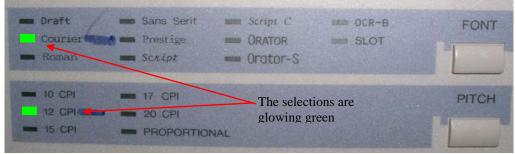




Paper path lever

Font & Pitch

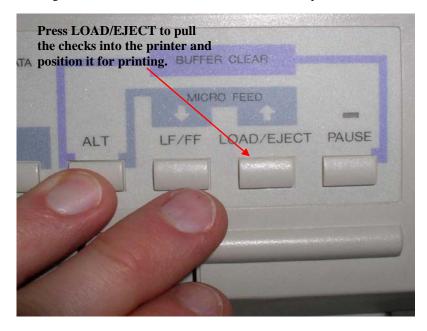
Now turn the printer on and make sure the *Courier* (font) and *12* (*pitch*) are glowing green. To change the FONT press the FONT button until Courier is selected. The correct PITCH is 12 CPI. Press the PITCH button until 12 is selected. It will remember both settings even after you turn it off.



Check Printer Instructions

Tr clinic 2/06

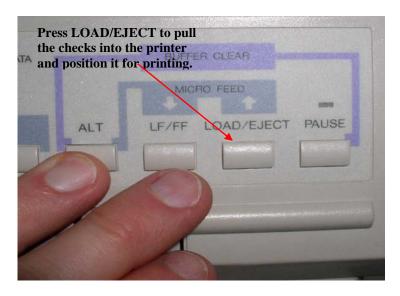
Pulling checks into printer: The checks need to be pulled into the printer and positioned correctly so the client and food information prints in the right location. Press the LOAD/EJECT button to pull the checks into the printer.



When the paper is correctly loaded it should just barely be visible above the ribbon when you flip open the printer lid.

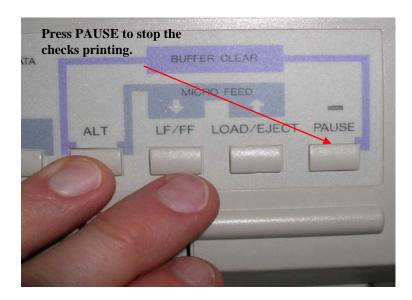


Re-adjusting the check position: If the paper did not correctly position after loading you can adjust it using the ALT button on the front. To move the paper lower, hold down ALT with one finger and repeatedly press LF/FF. To move the paper higher, hold down ALT with one finger and repeatedly press LOAD/EJECT. If the printer begins beeping, you have reached the maximum adjustment. The printer will remember this setting when you turn it off.



Tr clinic 2/06

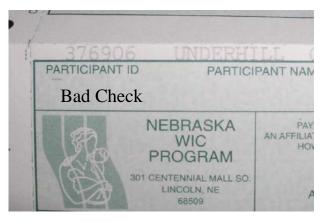
If you are printing a large number of checks or pre-printing checks for an entire clinic, you might have to manually adjust the print location while it is printing. To do this, press the PAUSE button and printing will stop. The small light above PAUSE will turn on. Using the Manual print adjust knob on the left side of the printer move the checks slightly up or down to correct for printer slipping. Press the PAUSE button to start printing.





Here is an example of a **good check** and a **bad check**. The bad check is printing too high so the checks should be rolled up.





Tearing off checks: When you need to tear off checks, use the built in TEAR-OFF feature. Press the TEAR-OFF button once and the checks will feed up to the edge of the built in cover and you can easily tear them off. If the checks are not lined up correctly with the cover you can adjust the TEAR-OFF position now. Hold down the ALT button and use the LF/FF to move the checks down or the LOAD/EJECT button to move them up. The printer will remember this position when turned off.



Tr clinic 2/06



Policy Update

Food Instrument Misnumbering

March 30, 2010

Check Misnumbering - The Ripple Effect 3



Misnumbered checks that are not reported and corrected create a negative wave of events including:

- Missing and or incorrect issuance information for the bank
- Incorrect information in the WIC computer system. Issuance information does not match up with the correct redemption information
- Incorrect tabulations of "Not-to-exceed" amounts
- Rejected checks for vendors

Misnumbered Checks are a BIG RED FLAG!

If your checks are misnumbered, This impacts people and events beyond the point of check issuance:

- **Procedures**: Misnumbered checks mean that staff are not following appropriate procedures to review check numbers prior to releasing checks to participants.
- Data Base: The redemption information from the bank gets matched up with the wrong issuance information making our data base incorrect.
- **Vendors:** Your Vendor Manager will be receiving calls from unhappy vendors. There will be rejected checks returned to vendors due to incorrect issuance information. Incorrect "not-to-exceed" amounts will be applied resulting in checks being returned in error. This also creates extra work for your vendor manager as they have to review the checks before the vendors receive payment.
- Internal Controls, Banking and Tracking Check Stock: There can be no unexplained gaps in check numbers. Every check must be accounted for. When a misnumbering occurs, this process is more cumbersome, and can raise questions of accountability. The State Auditors review all misnumbered checks.



When you discover a misnumbered check:



- 1. **NEVER**, **NEVER**, **NEVER** knowingly send a client out the door with misnumbered checks.
- 2. NOTIFY THE HELP DESK RIGHT AWAY about every misnumbered check
- 3. BE PREPARED to answer detailed questions and to identify the range of misnumbering. The Help Desk needs to know exactly where the misnumbering started and where it was caught:
 - Where misnumbering started? (red & black numbers of 1st misnumbered check)
 - Where misnumbering ended? (red & black numbers of last misnumbered check)
 - Are there any checks missing black numbers?
 - Is the printer operating correctly? Any problems with skipping or jamming?
- 4. If checks accidentally leave the clinic, you will need to call the participant(s) and ask them to read off what the red and black numbers are on their checks.
- 5. The <u>check register is not a reliable source</u> to determine numbering problems. The information can **only** be obtained one of two ways:

 (1) Looking at the actual check **OR** (2) Calling participant(s).
- 6. **PROMPT ACTION** and reporting will help to minimize problems. If reported the same day, in most instances we can renumber the checks. This corrects our WIC data base before the check gets to the bank and allows it to be processed correctly.

Prevention is Key

Checkpoints to prevent food instrument misnumbering:

\mathbf{V}	Checkpoint 1.	If you work at	t multiple clinics,	make sure	you log into	the clinic r	number
you	are working at th	nat day.					

- Checkpoint 2. When loading checkstock into the printer, verify that the red number on the first check matches the check number listed after "STOCK RANGE" on the computer screen.
- **Checkpoint 3.** Before printing compare the check number that flashes on the screen with the number on the next piece of check stock loaded in the printer.
- Checkpoint 4. As you tear the checks apart and separate the months, review the check numbers.
- Checkpoint 5. As you are filling out the check register and before giving checks to the participant, verify that the red and black numbers match. It is very important that <u>all 8 digits</u> be compared, not just the last 3 or 4!

Example of Correctly numbered check:

This correctly numbered check has both red & black numbers matching.

ID BABY BOBBY

RED 001
BLACK 001

5 CANS ENFAMIL

\$70.00

MICR line matches RED 001

Bank routing number

- 1. Check is issued to client
- 2. At the end of the day, info is "sent" to bank that **check 001** was issued
- 3. Check presents to bank—read as check 001

Misnumbered examples:



ID SISTER SUSIE

RED 002 BLACK 003

\$6 FRUIT/VEGETABLE CHECK

\$5.75

MICR line matches RED 002

Bank routing number

- 1. Check is issued to client
- 2. At the end of the day, info "sent" to bank that **check 003** was issued
- 3. Check presents to bank—read as check 002
- No issuance information

ID INFANT IVAN

RED 003

BLACK 004

4 CANS ALIMENTUM

\$102.69

MICR line matches RED 003

Bank routing number

- 1. Check is issued to client
- 2. At the end of the day, info sent to the bank that **check 004** was issued
- Check presents to bank—read as 003—
 fruit/vegetable check—DENIED—over the "Not-to-exceed"



Contents included in this WIC Words Policy Update were reviewed during Training Update Call on March 30, 2010.

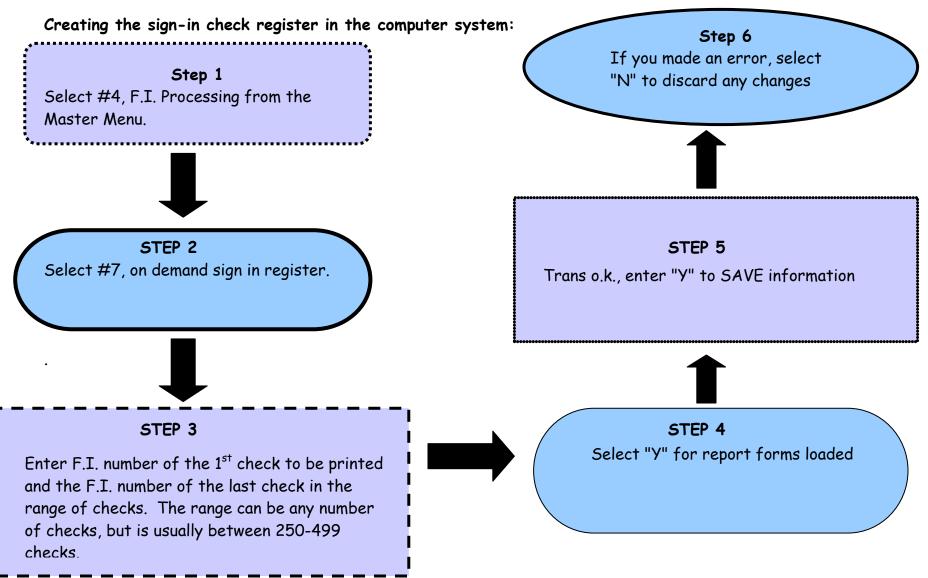
Beginning of Day Procedure

Beginning of day needs to be run every day -- prior to printing any checks for participants.

STEP ONE STEP SEVEN Select F.I. Processing from the If you have made an error, select "N" to discard master menu in the WIC computer, changes. system. STEP TWO Select Beginning of Day. STEP SIX At Trans o.k., enter "Y" to save information and to indicate the beginning of day STEP THREE process is complete. Enter the red check number on the first check (in the check printer). Then enter the last # in the box or stack of checks being used. STEP FIVE Enter "Y" into the test print field to print 3 "dummy" food instruments and press Enter. Make sure red & black #'s match. STEP FOUR Select "Y" and press enter. (Note: Test prints are automatically voided in the system)

Creating The Check Register - Flow Chart I

Check Register: Use for all food instruments created individually through on demand generation. You should print a check register for a range of checks you will use in that clinic. The steps outlined below should be taken when creating the check register.



Using The Check Register - Flow Chart II



START HERE

Record the date food instruments are issued or voided.

Record participant ID for food instrument issued to client.

Responsible party signs on the Signature lines at top & bottom of the F.I. range issued to the client or family. If the F.I. Range for the client or family continues onto the next page of the register, have the responsible party sign at the top of the F.I. range, the bottom of the page, the beginning of the next page and at the end of the F.I. range.

Draw an arrow down between the two signatures

Indicate void on the signature line by any F.I. that is voided; include the date and initials of the staff person verifying status of the food instrument. Always physically void all voided checks and file numerically with all other voided food instruments.

Indicate TEST PRINT on the signature line by any food instrument that is a test print.



If there is an error in numbering and the checks are renumbered, it should be noted on the register. NEVER issue mis-numbered checks. Call the help desk to help renumber checks.

Training Clinic 2/9/05

* note a new procedure is possibly pending which may impact the last step in the future.

Basic Check Printing for Clients or Families - Flow Chart (Printing ALL checks in a package)

Beginning of Day should be completed first.

STEP 1: MASTER MENU - Select "4", F.I. Instrument Processing after Beginning of Day has been completed.

STEP 2: FOOD INSTRUMENT PROCESSING MENU: Select "2", On Demand Generation

STEP 3: IS FI STOCK IN PRINTER?

Type "Y" if the stock is loaded and aligned.

Otherwise type "N" and load and align the check stock in the printer.

STEP 4: FAMILY ISSUE:

Are you printing checks for 1 person or the entire family?

If want checks for entire family - Enter "Y" If want checks for 1 person - Enter "N"

STEP 5: ID:

Type the ID number of the <u>individual</u> participant if printing for 1 person.

Or type in the <u>family</u> ID number if printing for the family.

Step 6: ISSUE MM/YY: The current month will display in this field, followed by the current date in the next field. ENTER through both fields.

STEP 7: <u>WHOLE PKG:</u> Enter "Y" to print the entire food package for this client. (The computer will display all checks in the food package)

STEP 8: FOOD PKG & FI TYPE:

Enter through the FOOD PKG and FI Type

STEP 9: PICK UP INTERVAL:

- Enter pick up interval (1, 2, or 3)
- Enter the reason code (using F1 for help)
- Enter through the partial package field

STEP 10: ISSUE FOOD INSTRUMENT: Enter "Y" to print checks.

STEP 11: NEW PARTICIPANT:

If you want to generate checks for a different participant:

- enter "N",
- repeat steps again beginning with #1.

Or if you are done printing individual checks, enter "N" to return to the master menu.



Printing "1 Check At a Time" - Flow Chart

Beginning of Day Should be completed first.

STEP 1: MASTER MENU - Select "4", F.I. Instrument Processing after Beginning of Day has been completed.

STEP 2: FOOD INSTRUMENT PROCESSING MENU: Select "2", On Demand Generation

STEP 3: IS FI STOCK IN PRINTER?

Type "Y" if the stock is loaded and aligned.

Otherwise type "N" and load and align the check stock in the printer.

STEP 4: FAMILY ISSUE: type "N" and enter

STEP 5: PARTICIPANT ID:

Type the ID number of the <u>individual</u> participant.

Step 6: ISSUE MM/YY: The current month will display in this field, followed by the current date in the next field. ENTER through both fields.

STEP 7: <u>WHOLE PKG:</u> Enter "N" to print one check at a time. The system will display all FI types in the food package.

STEP 8: FOOD PKG FI TYPE/ID: Use the down arrow key to find the specific check you want to print. Enter an "x" in the blank space next to the check you want to print.

STEP 9: PICK UP INTERVAL:

- Enter pick up interval 1
- Enter the reason code (using F1 key for help)

STEP 10: ISSUE FOOD INSTRUMENT: Enter "Y" to print checks.

STEP 11: NEW PARTICIPANT:

If more than one check needs to be printed for this same participant:

- arrow up or down to the next FI,
- enter x
- repeat steps 8-10 again.

If you want to generate individual checks for a different participant

- press F4
- enter "N",
- repeat steps again beginning with #1.

Or if you are done printing individual checks, enter "N" to return to the master menu.



Alternate shoppers

An alternate shopper is unrestricted in the number of times they may redeem the checks at the store, however, they must have the WIC folder with them and have signed it.



An alternate shopper is limited in the number of times they may pickup checks at the WIC clinic.

- Clients on a bimonthly cycle may use an alternate shopper one time every 6 months.
- Those clients on a monthly cycle may use an alternate shopper two times every 6 months. The alternate shopper must have the WIC folder with them.



Alternate shopper is not allowed to bring in missing information that was not provided at the cert visit, unless they are also the enrollment proxy.

An alternate shopper may also be the enrollment proxy.

Voiding Checks - Computer Steps

Void all checks that are being returned to the clinic - steps:

- Log into your agency, subagency, clinic, & subclinic where the checks were originally produced
- FI Processing
- Completion Activities
- Void & Reissue
- Enter the ID number of the participant that appears on the check to void
- Place an "X" by the check number you wish to void & enter
- Select the reason for voiding the check (F1 for reason codes)
- Enter "N", no for reissue code
- The computer will ask if you wish to void all FI's; enter "N", no And void checks one at a time
- Select "N" (NO) to void all FI's for mo/year and future months/terminate client
- Trans OK "Y" (yes) to save information if correct



Write or Stamp "VOID" on the check

Document the void on the check register:

(write void, the date & your initials by the corresponding check # on the check register)

> File the Voided Checks in numerical order with other voided checks